



United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/829,146	04/09/2001	Thomas N. Toombs	M-10234-1D US	1045
36257	7590 08/24/2004		EXAMINER	
PARSONS HSUE & DE RUNTZ LLP			KIM, HONG CHONG	
	655 MONTGOMERY STREET SUITE 1800			PAPER NUMBER
	CISCO, CA 94111		2186	41
			DATE MAILED: 08/24/200	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



				Λ				
x .		Application No.	Applicant(s)	An				
		09/829,146	TOOMBS ET AL.	(<i>'</i> *				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
		Hong C Kim	2186	·				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failt Any earn	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may y within the statutory minimum of t will expire SIX (6) M, cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed hirty (30) days will be considered timel ONTHS from the mailing date of this of ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	y. ommunication.				
Status				-				
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>01 June 2004</u> .							
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.							
3)[Since this application is in condition for allowa	•		e merits is				
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C	.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims							
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	 Claim(s) 17-22 and 24-27 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 17-22 and 24-27 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 							
Applicat	ion Papers							
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11)[_]	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note the attach	ed Office Action or form PT	O-152.				
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in rity documents have bee u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No en received in this National	Stage				
Attachmen		<u></u>						
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		v Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date					
3) Information	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date		f Informal Patent Application (PTC	0-152)				

Art Unit: 2186

Detailed Action

- 1. Claims 17-22 and 24 -27 are presented for examination. This office action is in response to the amendment filed on 6/1/2004.
- 2. Again, applicants are requested to supply previous versions (i.e. Version 1.0, 1.1, 1.2, and 1.3) of The MultiMediaCard System Specification because information are not readily available to the examiner.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 24-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fandrich et al. (Fandrich) U.S. Patent 5,418,752 in view of Kishi et al. (Kishi) U.S. Patent No. 4,841,432 or Noel et al. (Noel) U.S. Pub. No. 2002/00168891.

As to claim 24, Fandrich discloses a memory system (Fig. 2) comprises a plurality of memory groups (col. 3 lines 55-60), each of the memory groups comprising a plurality of memory cells (col. 3 lines 55-60); a plurality of group tags (col. 11 lines 29-38, lock bits, and Fig. 3 Ref. 260), each of the group tags corresponding to one if the memory groups, each of the group tags indicating whether the memory cells under the corresponding memory group are write protected (col. 11 lines 29-38 and Fig. 3 Ref. 260); and wherein any combination

Art Unit: 2186

of the memory groups can be write protected (col. 11 lines 29-38, "corresponding blocks" read on this limitation and Fig. 3 Ref. 260), however, Fandrich does not specifically disclose the number of memory cells in each memory group is configurable. Kishi discloses the number of memory cells in each memory group is configurable (abstract) for the purpose of optimizing flash devices.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the number of memory cells in each memory group is configurable as shown in Kishi into the invention of Fandrich because it would accommodate optimize flash devices.

Alternatively, Noel discloses the number of memory cells in each memory group is configurable (block 265) for the purpose of optimizing flash devices.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the number of memory cells in each memory group is configurable as shown in Noel into the invention of Fandrich because it would accommodate optimize flash devices.

As to claim 25, Kishi further discloses the corresponding cells in each memory groups is calculated in real time (col. 5 lines 32-42). Alternatively, Noel further discloses the corresponding cell in each memory groups is calculated in real time (block 265).

Art Unit: 2186

As to claims 26 and 27, Fandrich further discloses a flash memory (Fig. 2 Ref. 20).

4. Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Harari et al. (Harari) U.S. Patent 5,418,752 in view of Kaki et al. (Kaki) U.S. Patent 5,809,515.

As to claim 17, Harari discloses a memory system (Fig. 1B) comprises a plurality of memory groups, each of the memory groups comprising a plurality of memory sectors, each of the memory sectors (col. 1 line 61 thru col. 2 line 1) comprising a plurality if memory cells; a plurality of sector tags, each of the sector tags corresponds to a memory sector, each of the sector tags (col. 6 lines 41-46) indicating whether the memory cells under the corresponding memory sector are erasable, wherein at the memory cells belong to one memory sector are erasable when the corresponding sector tag is set, wherein any combination of memory sectors in a memory group can be simultaneously erased (col. 1 line 61 thru col. 2 line 1), however, Harari does not specifically disclose a plurality of group tags, each of the group tags corresponds to one of the memory groups, each of the group tags indicating whether the memory cells under the corresponding memory group are erasable, wherein al the memory cells belong to one memory group are erasable when the corresponding group is set, wherein any combination of memory groups can be simultaneously erased.

Kaki discloses a plurality of group tags, each of the group tags corresponds to one of the memory groups, each of the group tags indicating

Art Unit: 2186

whether the memory cells under the corresponding memory group are erasable, wherein all the memory cells belong to one memory group are erasable when the corresponding group is set, wherein any combination of memory groups can be simultaneously erased (col. 7 line 64 thru col. 8 line 14) for the purpose of increasing the memory erasing speed thereby increasing the access bandwidth.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate plurality of group tags, each of the group tags corresponds to one of the memory groups, each of the group tags indicating whether the memory cells under the corresponding memory group are erasable, wherein all the memory cells belong to one memory group are erasable when the corresponding group is set, wherein any combination of memory groups can be simultaneously erased as shown in Kaki into the invention of Harari because it would increase the memory access speed.

5. Claims 18-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Harari et al. (Harari) U.S. Patent 5,418,752 in view of Kaki et al. (Kaki) U.S. Patent 5,809,515 and further in view of Kishi et al. (Kishi) U.S. Patent No. 4,841,432 or Noel et al. (Noel) U.S. Pub. No. 2002/00168891.

As to claim 18, Harari and Kaki disclose the invention as claimed above, however, neither Harari nor Kaki specifically discloses the number of memory sectors in each memory group is configurable. Kishi discloses the number of memory sectors in each memory group is configurable (abstract) for the purpose of optimizing flash devices.

Art Unit: 2186

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the number of memory cells in each memory group is configurable as shown in Kishi into the combined invention of Harari and Kaki because it would accommodate optimize flash devices.

Alternatively, Noel discloses the number of memory sectors in each memory group is configurable (block 265) for the purpose of optimizing flash devices.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the number of memory sectors in each memory group is configurable as shown in Noel into the combined invention of Harari and Kaki because it would accommodate optimize flash devices.

As to claim 19, Kishi further discloses the corresponding sectors in each memory group is calculated in real time (col. 5 lines 32-42). Alternatively, Noel further discloses the corresponding sectors in each memory groups is calculated in real time (block 265).

As to claim 20, Harari and Kaki disclose the invention as claimed above, however, neither Harari nor Kaki specifically discloses the number of memory cells in each memory sector is configurable. Kishi discloses the number of

Art Unit: 2186

memory cells in each memory sector is configurable (abstract) for the purpose of optimizing flash devices.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the number of memory cells in each memory sector is configurable as shown in Kishi into the combined invention of Harari and Kaki because it would accommodate optimize flash devices.

Alternatively, Noel discloses the number of memory cells in each memory sector is configurable (block 265) for the purpose of optimizing flash devices.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the number of memory cells in each memory sector is configurable as shown in Noel into the combined invention of Harari and Kaki because it would accommodate optimize flash devices.

As to claim 21, Kishi further discloses the corresponding cells in each memory sector is calculated in real time (col. 5 lines 32-42). Alternatively, Noel further discloses the corresponding cells in each memory sector is calculated in real time (block 265).

As to claim 22, Harari further discloses a flash memory (abstract line 1)

Art Unit: 2186

Response to Amendment

6. Applicant's arguments filed on 6/1/04 have been fully considered but they are not deemed to be persuasive.

Applicant's remarks that the references not teaching group tags and sector tags is not considered persuasive.

Kaki discloses group tags (col. 8 lines 2-5) and sector tags (col. 8 lines 5-8).

Applicant's remarks that the references not simultaneously erased is not considered persuasive.

Kaki discloses simultaneously erasing flash memory sectors (col. 1 line 61 thru col. 2 line 1).

Therefore broadly written claims are disclosed by the references cited.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. See attached PTO-892.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory

Art Unit: 2186

period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

When responding to the office action, Applicant is advised to clearly point out the patentable novelty which he or she thinks the claims present in view of the state of the art disclosed by the references cited or the objections made. He or she must also show how the amendments avoid such references or objections. See 37 C.F.R. '1.111(c).

When responding to the office action, Applicants are advised to provide the examiner with the line numbers and page numbers in the application and/or references cited to assist examiner to locate the appropriate paragraphs.

Art Unit: 2186

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to Hong Kim whose telephone number is (703) 305-3835. The Examiner can normally be reached on the weekdays from 8:30 AM to 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Matt Kim, can be reached on (703) 305-3821.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Art Unit: 2186

Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to TC-2100:

Official

(703) 872-9306

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington. VA., Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

HK

Primary Patent Examiner

August 19, 2004